Response to Office Action Serial No. 09/944,096 Page 2 of 38

01

wherein

A is selected from the group consisting of  $-NR^8_2$ ,  $-NHSO_2R^3$ ,  $-OR^5$ ,  $-SR^5$ , halo, lower alkyl,  $-CON(R^4)_2$ , guanidino, amidino, -H, and perhaloalkyl;

E is selected from the group consisting of -H, halo, lower alkylthio, lower perhaloalkyl, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, -CN, and -NR<sup>7</sup><sub>2</sub>;

X together with Y forms a cyclic group selected from the group of heterocyclic, and aryl;

 $R^1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, aryl, heteroalicyclic where the cyclic moiety contains a carbonate or thiocarbonate,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -aryl, -alk-aryl,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -OC(O)NR $^2$ ,  $-NR^2$ -C(O)-R $^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -OC(O)R $^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -OC(O)SR $^3$ , -alk-S-C(O)R $^3$ , -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, and -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, or together  $R^1$  and  $R^1$  are -alk-S-S-alk- to form a cyclic group, wherein each "alk" is an independently selected alkylene, or together  $R^1$  and  $R^1$  are

$$\rightarrow$$
v

wherein

V and W are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, 1-alkenyl, 1-alkynyl, and -R<sup>9</sup>; or

together V and Z are connected via a chain of 3-5 atoms, only one of which can be a heteroatom, to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxycarboxy, or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus; or

Response to Office Action Serial No. 09/944,096 Page 3 of 38

Z is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCOR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OC(O)SR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -SR<sup>3</sup>, -S(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>AT, -CH(AI)OH, -CH(CH=CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2</sup>)OH, -CH(C $\equiv$ CR<sup>2</sup>)OH, and -R<sup>2</sup>;

with the provisos that:

- a) V, Z, W are not all -H; and
- b) when Z is  $-R^2$ , then at least one of V and W is not -H or  $-R^9$ :

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of R<sup>3</sup> and -H;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, alicyclic, heteroalicyclic, and aralkyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, and lower aryl;

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower aryl, lower aralkyl, lower heteroalicyclic, and lower alicyclic;

R<sup>6</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, and lower alkyl;

R<sup>7</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, and -C(O)R<sup>10</sup>;

 $R^8$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, lower alicyclic, -C(O) $R^{10}$ , or together said  $R^8$  groups form a bidendate alkylene;

R<sup>9</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, , heteroalicyclic, and alicyclic;

R<sup>10</sup> is selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, -NH<sub>2</sub>, lower aryl, and lower perhaloalkyl;

 $R^{11}$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, -OH, -NH<sub>2</sub> and -OR<sup>3</sup>; and pharmaceutically acceptable prodrugs and salts thereof.

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34. (Twice Amended) A method of treating an animal for diabetes mellitus, comprising administering to said animal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula (1):

Response to Office Action Serial No. 09/944,096 Page 4 of 38

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wherein

A is selected from the group consisting of  $-NR_2^8$ ,  $-NHSO_2R^3$ ,  $-OR^5$ ,  $-SR^5$ , halo, lower alkyl,  $-CON(R^4)_2$ , guanidino, amidino, -H, and perhaloalkyl;

E is selected from the group consisting of -H, halo, lower alkylthio, lower perhaloalkyl, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, -CN, and -NR<sup>7</sup><sub>2</sub>;

X together with Y forms a cyclic group selected from the group of heterocyclic, and aryl;

 $R^1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, aryl, heteroalicyclic where the cyclic moiety contains a carbonate or thiocarbonate,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -aryl, -alk-aryl,  $-C(R^2)_2$ OC(O)NR $^2$ ,  $-NR^2$ -C(O)-R $^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -OC (O)R $^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -OC(O)OR $^3$ , -alk-S-C(O)R $^3$ , -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, and -alk-S-S-S-alkylhydroxy, or together  $R^1$  and  $R^1$  are -alk-S-S-alk- to form a cyclic group, wherein each "alk" is an independently selected alkylene, or together  $R^1$  and  $R^1$  are

$$\bigvee_{W}^{V}$$

wherein

V and W are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, 1-alkenyl, 1-alkynyl, and -R°; or

together V and Z are connected via a chain of 3-5 atoms, only one of which can be a heteroatom, to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxycarboxy, or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus; or

Response to Office Action Serial No. 09/944,096 Page 5 of 38

Z is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCOR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OC(O)SR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -SR<sup>3</sup>, -S(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>Ar, -CH(Ar)OH, -CH(CH=CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2</sup>)OH, -CH(C $\equiv$ CR<sup>2</sup>)OH, and -R<sup>2</sup>;

with the provisos that:

- a) V, Z, W are not all -H; and
- b) when Z is  $-R^2$ , then at least one of V and W is not -H or  $-R^9$ :

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of R<sup>3</sup> and -H;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, alicyclic, heteroalicyclic, and aralkyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, and lower aryl;

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower aryl, lower aralkyl, lower heteroalicyclic, and lower alicyclic;

R<sup>6</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, and lower alkyl;

R<sup>7</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, and -C(O)R<sup>10</sup>;

 $R^8$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, lower alicyclic, -C(O) $R^{10}$ , or together said  $R^8$  groups form a bidendate alkylene;

R<sup>9</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, avalkyl, , heteroalicyclic, and alicyclic;

 $R^{10}$  is selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, -NH2, lower aryl, and lower perhaloalkyl;

R<sup>11</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, -OH, -NH<sub>2</sub> and -OR<sup>3</sup>; and pharmaceutically acceptable prodrugs and salts thereof.

35. (Twice Amended) A method of lowering blood glucose levels in an animal in need thereof, comprising administering to said animal a pharmaceutically acceptable amount of a compound of formula (1):

Response to Office Action Serial No. 09/944,096 Page 6 of 38

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wherein

A is selected from the group consisting of -NR<sup>8</sup><sub>2</sub>, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -OR<sup>5</sup>, -SR<sup>5</sup>, halo, lower alkyl, -CON(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, guanidino, amidino, -H, and perhaloalkyl;

E is selected from the group consisting of -H, halo, lower alkylthio, lower perhaloalkyl, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, -CN, and -NR<sup>7</sup><sub>2</sub>;

X together with Y forms a cyclic group selected from the group of heterocyclic, and aryl;

 $R^1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, aryl, heteroalicyclic where the cyclic moiety contains a carbonate or thiocarbonate,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -aryl, -alk-aryl,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -OC(O)NR $^2$ , -NR $^2$ -C(O)-R $^3$ , -C(R $^2$ )<sub>2</sub>-OC (O)R $^3$ , -C(R $^2$ )<sub>2</sub>-OC(O)SR $^3$ , -alk-S-C(O)R $^3$ , -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, and -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, or together R $^1$  and R $^1$  are -alk-S-S-alk- to form a cyclic group, wherein each "alk" is an independently selected alkylene, or together R $^1$  and R $^1$  are

$$\sqrt{z}$$

wherein

V and W are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, 1-alkenyl, 1-alkynyl, and -R<sup>9</sup>; or

together V and Z are connected via a chain of 3-5 atoms, only one of which can be a heteroatom, to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxycarboxy, or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus; or

Response to Office Action Serial No. 09/944,096 Page 7 of 38

Z is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCOR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OC(O)SR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -SR<sup>3</sup>, -S(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>Ar, -CH(Ar)OH, -CH(CH=CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2</sup>)OH, -CH(C=CR<sup>2</sup>)OH, and -R<sup>2</sup>;

with the provisos that:

- a) V, Z, W are not all -H; and
- b) when Z is -R<sup>2</sup>, then at least one of V and W is not -H or -R<sup>9</sup>;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of R<sup>3</sup> and -H;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, alicyclic, heteroalicyclic, and aralkyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, and lower aryl;

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower aryl, lower aralkyl, lower heteroalicyclic, and lower alicyclic;

R<sup>6</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, and lower alkyl;

R<sup>7</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, and -C(O)R<sup>10</sup>;

 $R^8$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, lower alicyclic, -C(O) $R^{10}$ , or together said  $R^8$  groups form a bidendate alkylene;

 $R^9$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, , heteroalicyclic, and alicyclic;

R<sup>10</sup> is selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, -NH<sub>2</sub>, lower aryl, and lower perhaloalkyl;

R<sup>11</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, -OH, -NH<sub>2</sub> and -OR<sup>3</sup>; and pharmaceutically acceptable prodrugs and salts thereof.

36. (Twice Amended) A method of inhibiting FBPase at the AMP site in patients in need thereof, comprising administering to said patients an FBPase inhibitory amount of a compound of formula (1):

Response to Office Action Serial No. 09/944,096 Page 8 of 38

0,2

wherein

A is selected from the group consisting of  $-NR^8_2$ ,  $-NHSO_2R^3$ ,  $-OR^5$ ,  $-SR^5$ , halo, lower alkyl,  $-CON(R^4)_2$ , guanidino, amidino, -H, and perhaloalkyl;

E is selected from the group consisting of -H, halo, lower alkylthio, lower perhaloalkyl, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, -CN, and -NR<sup>7</sup><sub>2</sub>;

X together with Y forms a cyclic group selected from the group of heterocyclic, and aryl;

 $R^1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, aryl, heteroalicyclic where the cyclic moiety contains a carbonate or thiocarbonate,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -aryl, -alk-aryl,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -OC(O)NR $^2$ <sub>2</sub>,  $-NR^2$ -C(O)-R $^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -OC (O)R $^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -OC(O)SR $^3$ , -alk-S-C(O)R $^3$ , -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, and -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, or together R $^1$  and R $^1$  are -alk-S-S-alk- to form a cyclic group, wherein each "alk" is an independently selected alkylene, or together R $^1$  and R $^1$  are

$$\stackrel{\mathsf{V}}{\underset{\mathsf{W}}{\longrightarrow}}$$
z

wherein

V and W are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, 1-alkenyl, 1-alkynyl, and -R<sup>9</sup>; or

together V and Z are connected via a chain of 3-5 atoms, only one of which can be a heteroatom, to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxycarboxy, or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus; or

Response to Office Action Serial No. 09/944,096 Page 9 of 38

Z is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCOR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OC(O)SR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -SR<sup>3</sup>, -S(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>Ar, -CH(Ar)OH, -CH(CH=CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2</sup>)OH, -CH(C=CR<sup>2</sup>)OH, and -R<sup>2</sup>;

with the provisos that:

- a) V, Z, W are not all -H; and
- b) when Z is -R<sup>2</sup>, then at least one of V and W is not -H or -R<sup>9</sup>;
- R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of R<sup>3</sup> and -H;
- R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, alicyclic, heteroalicyclic, and aralkyl;
- R<sup>4</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, and lower aryl;
- R<sup>5</sup> is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower aryl, lower aralkyl, lower heteroalicyclic, and lower alicyclic;
  - R<sup>6</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, and lower alkyl;
- R<sup>7</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, and -C(O)R<sup>10</sup>;
- $R^8$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, lower alicyclic, -C(O) $R^{10}$ , or together said  $R^8$  groups form a bidendate alkylene;
- R<sup>9</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, , heteroalicyclic, and alicyclic;
- R<sup>10</sup> is selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, -NH<sub>2</sub>, lower aryl, and lower perhaloalkyl;
  - R<sup>11</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, -OH, -NH<sub>2</sub> and -OR<sup>3</sup>; and pharmaceutically acceptable prodrugs and salts thereof.
- 37. (Twice Amended) A method of inhibiting gluconeogenesis in animal in need thereof, comprising administering to said animal an effective amount of a compound of formula (1):

Response to Office Action Serial No. 09/944,096 Page 10 of 38

02

wherein

A is selected from the group consisting of -NR<sup>8</sup><sub>2</sub>, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -OR<sup>5</sup>, -SR<sup>5</sup>, halo, lower alkyl, -CON(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, guanidino, amidino, -H, and perhaloalkyl;

E is selected from the group consisting of -H, halo, lower alkylthio, lower perhaloalkyl, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, -CN, and -NR<sup>7</sup><sub>2</sub>;

X together with Y forms a cyclic group selected from the group of heterocyclic, and aryl;

 $R^1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, aryl, heteroalicyclic where the cyclic moiety contains a carbonate or thiocarbonate,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -aryl, -alk-aryl,  $-C(R^2)_2$ OC(O)NR $^2$ ,  $-NR^2$ -C(O)-R $^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -OC (O)R $^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -OC(O)OR $^3$ , -alk-S-C(O)R $^3$ , -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, and -alk-S-S-s-alkylhydroxy, or together  $R^1$  and  $R^1$  are -alk-S-S-alk- to form a cyclic group, wherein each "alk" is an independently selected alkylene, or together  $R^1$  and  $R^1$  are

$$\underset{\mathsf{W}}{\overset{\mathsf{V}}{\longrightarrow}}$$

wherein

V and W are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, 1-alkenyl, 1-alkynyl, and -R<sup>9</sup>; or

together V and Z are connected via a chain of 3-5 atoms, only one of which can be a heteroatom, to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxycarboxy, or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus; or

Response to Office Action Serial No. 09/944,096 Page 11 of 38

Z is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCOR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OC(O)SR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -SR<sup>3</sup>, -S(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>Ar, -CH(Ar)OH, -CH(CH=CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2</sup>)OH, -CH(C≡CR<sup>2</sup>)OH, and -R<sup>2</sup>;

with the provisos that:

- a) V, Z, W are not all -H; and
- b) when Z is  $-R^2$ , then at least one of V and W is not -H or  $-R^9$ ;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of R<sup>3</sup> and -H;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, alicyclic, heteroalicyclic, and aralkyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, and lower aryl;

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower heteroalicyclic, and lower alicyclic;

R<sup>6</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, and lower alkyl;

R<sup>7</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, and -C(O)R<sup>10</sup>;

 $R^8$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, lower alicyclic, -C(O) $R^{10}$ , or together said  $R^8$  groups form a bidendate alkylene;

R<sup>9</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, , heteroalicyclic, and alicyclic;

 $R^{10}$  is selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, -NH<sub>2</sub>, lower aryl, and lower perhaloalkyl;

R<sup>11</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, -OH, -NH<sub>2</sub> and -OR<sup>3</sup>; and pharmaceutically acceptable prodrugs and salts thereof.

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39. (Twice Amended) A method of treating an animal for a disease derived from abnormally elevated insulin levels, comprising administering to said animal a therapeutically

Response to Office Action Serial No. 09/944,096 Page 12 of 38

effective amount of a fructose-1,6-bisphosphatase inhibitor wherein said inhibitor is a compound of formula (1):



wherein

A is selected from the group consisting of -NR<sup>8</sup><sub>2</sub>, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -OR<sup>5</sup>, -SR<sup>5</sup>, halo, lower alkyl, -CON(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, guanidino, amidino, -H, and perhaloalkyl;

E is selected from the group consisting of -H, halo, lower alkylthio, lower perhaloalkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, -CN, and -NR<sup>7</sup><sub>2</sub>;

X together with Y forms a cyclic group selected from the group of heterocyclic, and aryl;

 $R^1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, aryl, heteroalicyclic where the cyclic moiety contains a carbonate or thiocarbonate,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -aryl, -alk-aryl,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -OC(O)NR $^2$ ,  $-NR^2$ -C(O)-R $^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -OC (O)R $^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -OC(O)OR $^3$ , -alk-S-C(O)R $^3$ , -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, and -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, or together R $^1$  and R $^1$  are -alk-S-S-alk- to form a cyclic group, wherein each "alk" is an independently selected alkylene, or together R $^1$  and R $^1$  are

$$\bigvee_{w}^{v}$$

wherein

V and W are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, 1-alkenyl, 1-alkynyl, and -R<sup>9</sup>; or

together V and Z are connected via a chain of 3-5 atoms, only one of which can be a heteroatom, to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxycarboxy, or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus; or

together V and W are connected via a chain of 3 carbon atoms to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxycarboxy, alkylthiocarboxy,

Response to Office Action Serial No. 09/944,096 Page 13 of 38

hydroxymethyl, or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus;

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Z is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCOR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OC(O)SR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -SR<sup>3</sup>, -S(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>Ar, -CH(Ar)OH, -CH(CH=CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2</sup>)OH, -CH(C=CR<sup>2</sup>)OH, and -R<sup>2</sup>;

with the provisos that:

- a) V, Z, W are not all -H; and
- b) when Z is  $-R^2$ , then at least one of V and W is not -H or  $-R^0$ ;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of R<sup>3</sup> and -H;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, alicyclic, heteroalicyclic, and aralkyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, and lower aryl;

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower aryl, lower aralkyl, lower heteroalicyclic, and lower alicyclic;

R<sup>6</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, and lower alkyl;

R<sup>7</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, and -C(O)R<sup>10</sup>;

 $\mathbb{R}^8$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, lower alicyclic, -C(O) $\mathbb{R}^{10}$ , or together said  $\mathbb{R}^8$  groups form a bidendate alkylene;

R<sup>9</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, , heteroalicyclic, and alicyclic;

R<sup>10</sup> is selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, -NH<sub>2</sub>, lower aryl, and lower perhaloalkyl;

R<sup>11</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, -OH, -NH<sub>2</sub> and -OR<sup>3</sup>; and pharmaceutically acceptable prodrugs and salts thereof.



42. (Twice Amended) A method of treating an animal with excess glycogen storage disease, comprising administering to said animal in need thereof a therapeutically

Response to Office Action Serial No. 09/944,096 Page 14 of 38

effective amount of a fructose-1,6-bisphosphatase inhibitor, wherein said inhibitor is a compound of formula (1):

C4

wherein

A is selected from the group consisting of -NR<sup>8</sup><sub>2</sub>, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -OR<sup>5</sup>, -SR<sup>5</sup>, halo, lower alkyl, -CON(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, guanidino, amidino, -H, and perhaloalkyl;

E is selected from the group consisting of -H, halo, lower alkylthio, lower perhaloalkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, -CN, and -NR<sup>7</sup><sub>2</sub>;

X together with Y forms a cyclic group selected from the group of heterocyclic, and aryl;

 $R^1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, aryl, heteroalicyclic where the cyclic moiety contains a carbonate or thiocarbonate,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -aryl, -alk-aryl,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -OC(O)NR $^2$ <sub>2</sub>,  $-NR^2$ -C(O)-R $^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -OC(O)R $^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -O-C(O)OR $^3$ , -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, and -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, or together  $R^1$  and  $R^1$  are -alk-S-S-alk- to form a cyclic group, wherein each "alk" is an independently selected alkylene, or together  $R^1$  and  $R^1$  are

$$\rightarrow$$

wherein

V and W are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, 1-alkenyl, 1-alkynyl, and -R<sup>9</sup>; or

together V and Z are connected via a chain of 3-5 atoms, only one of which can be a heteroatom, to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxycarboxy, or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus; or

Response to Office Action Scrial No. 09/944,096 Page 15 of 38

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together V and W are connected via a chain of 3 carbon atoms to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxycarboxy, alkylthiocarboxy, hydroxymethyl, or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus;

Z is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCOR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OC(O)SR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -SR<sup>3</sup>, -S(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>Ar, -CH(Ar)OH, -CH(CH=CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2</sup>)OH, -CH(C=CR<sup>2</sup>)OH, and -R<sup>2</sup>;

with the provisos that:

- a) V, Z, W are not all -H; and
- b) when Z is  $-R^2$ , then at least one of V and W is not -H or  $-R^9$ ;
- R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of R<sup>3</sup> and -H;
- R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, alicyclic, heteroalicyclic, and aralkyl;
- R<sup>4</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, and lower aryl;
- R<sup>5</sup> is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower aryl, lower aralkyl, lower heteroalicyclic, and lower alicyclic;
  - R<sup>6</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, and lower alkyl;
- R<sup>7</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, and -C(O)R<sup>10</sup>;
- R<sup>8</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, lower alicyclic, -C(O)R<sup>10</sup>, or together said R<sup>8</sup> groups form a bidendate alkylene;
- R<sup>9</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, , heteroalicyclic, and alicyclic;
- $R^{10}$  is selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, -NH<sub>2</sub>, lower aryl, and lower perhaloalkyl;
  - R<sup>11</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, -OH, -NH<sub>2</sub> and -OR<sup>3</sup>; and pharmaceutically acceptable prodrugs and salts thereof.

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